

# PROGRESS REPORT

PM&E ANALYSIS  
SP-G2

# PROGRESS REPORT

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- PM&E EWG-18 =90 AND EWG-93
- FLUVIAL 12
- INDICATORS OF HYDRAULIC ALTERATION ANALYSIS
- RIFFLE CHARACTERISTICS, VELOCITIES, AND PERMEABILITIES
- MEANDER BELT INVESTIGATION

# PM&E's

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- RICHARD HARRIS REPORTED LAST MEETING
- EWG-18 AND -93 READY TO BE DISCUSSED

# EWG-18

RIPPING AND/OR RAKING OF SELECTED  
SECTIONS IN THE LOW FLOW CHANNEL OF  
THE FEATHER RIVER FOR ENHANCEMENT  
OF SALMON AND STEELHEAD SPAWNING  
HABITAT

# RELATED PM&Es

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- EWG-90 SIMILAR
- EWG-91 AND -92 SUPPLEMENT GRAVEL

# ARMORING





# MAJOR STORM EVENTS



# RIVER ARMORING

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- MOST OF THE LOW FLOW REACH IS ARMORED
- GRAVEL BED SAMPLING IN 1980, 1994, AND 2003 SHOWS THAT ARMORING IS BECOMING MORE SEVERE WITH TIME
- BED ARMORING EXTENDS DOWNSTREAM TO GRIDLEY
- PARTS OF THE LOW FLOW REACH ARMORED WITH COBBLES AND BOULDERS TOO COARSE FOR SALMON TO MOVE
- SALMON FORCED TO SPAWN IN LESS THAN IDEAL AREAS



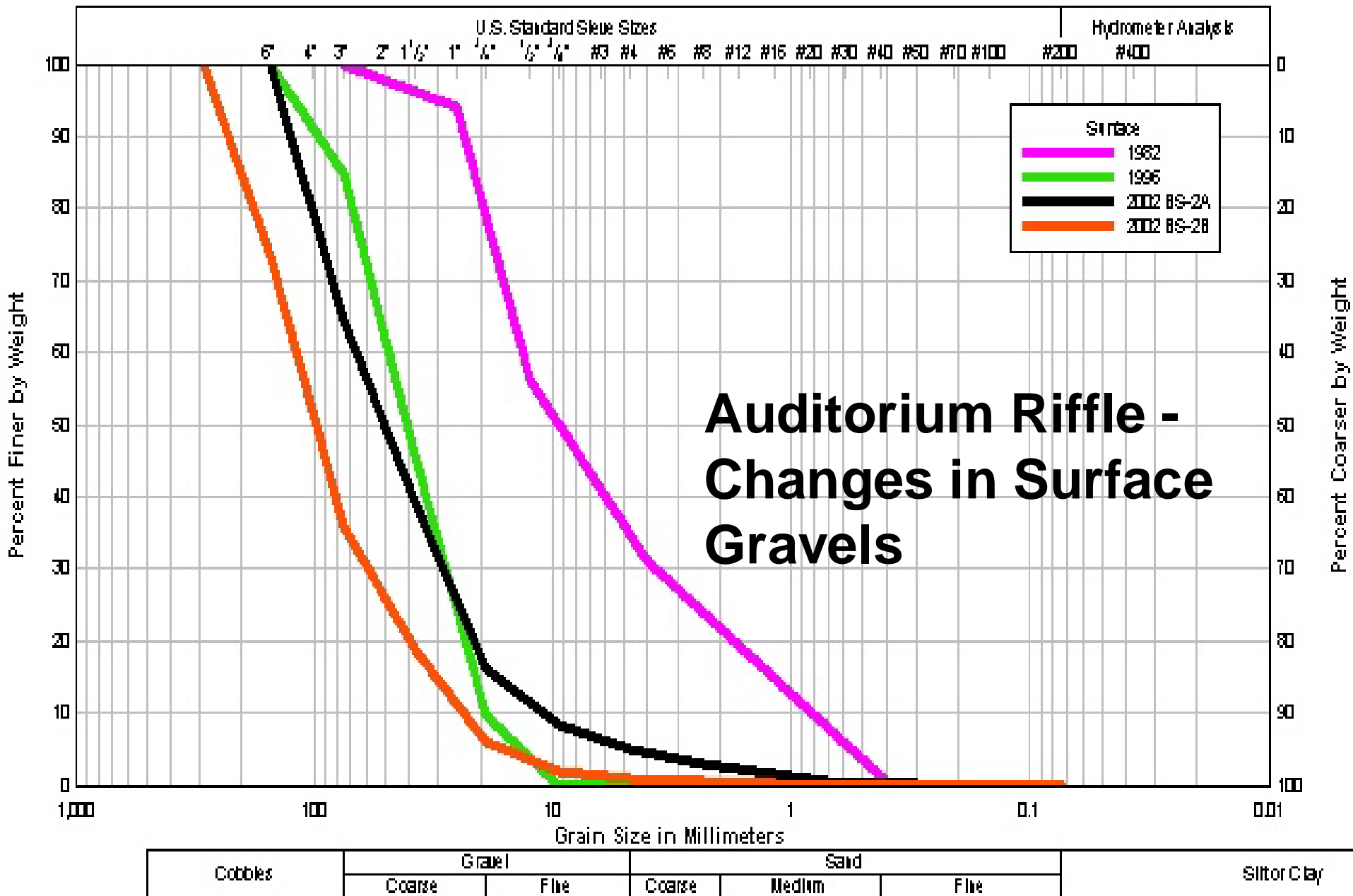
# Auditorium Riffle - Bulk Gravel Sampling and Sieving



# Grain Size Distribution Curve

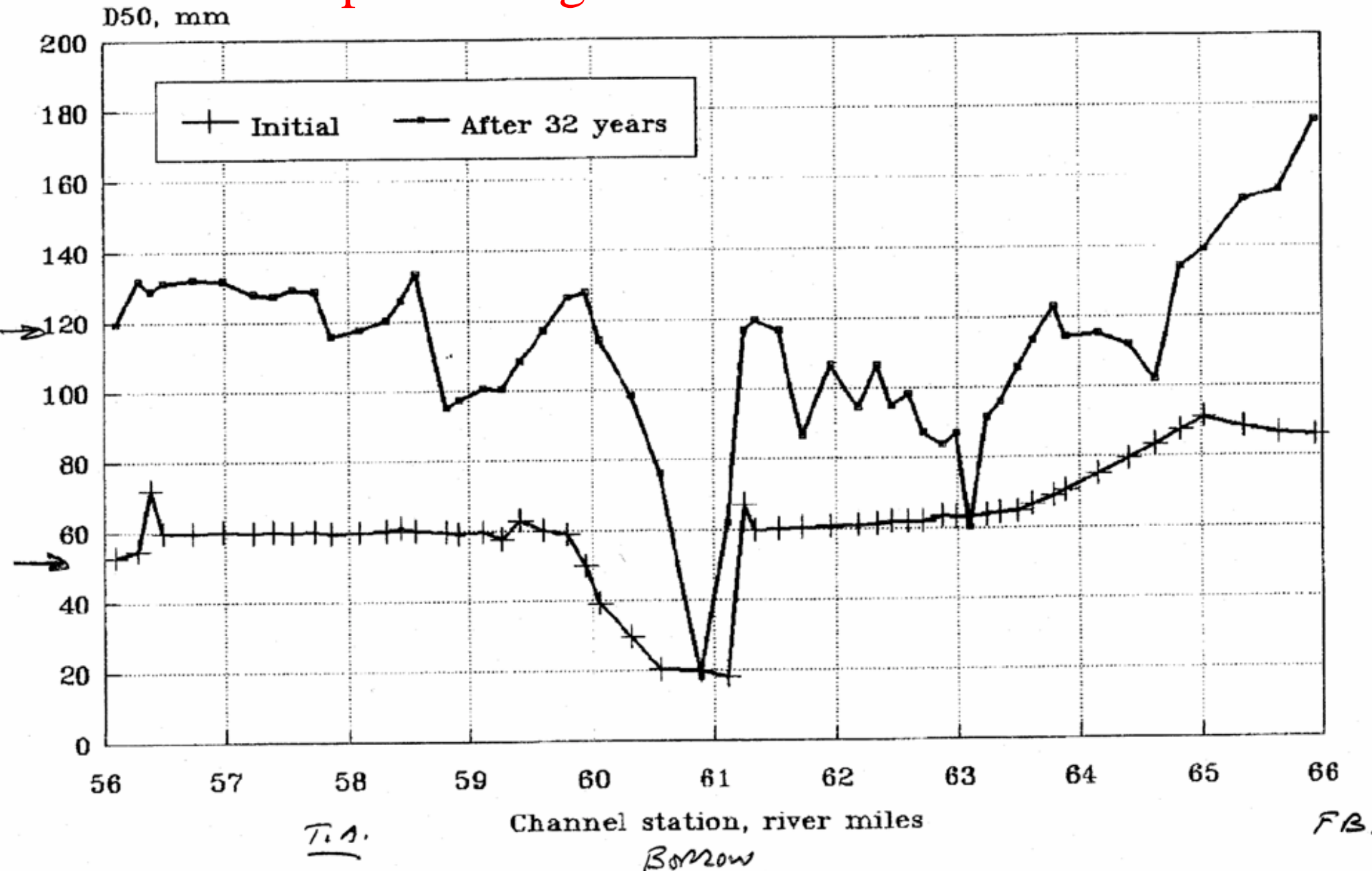
Bottom Of Moe's Ditch/Top of Auditorium

BS-2 (Surface) 1982; 1996; 2002



Feather River  
Spatial Variations in Sediment Size  
During flow series

# Fluvial-12 Output: Change in D50 Gravel Diameter



# EWG-18 ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

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- INCREASE THE AREA OF SUITABLE SPAWNING HABITAT
- REDUCE SUPERPOSITION OF REDDS
- INCREASE EGG SURVIVAL

# IMPLEMENTATION AREA

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- LOW FLOW REACH PRIMARILY
- LIMITED AREAS OF HIGH FLOW REACH, BUT HIGHER TEMPERATURES. LESS SPAWNING ACTIVITY, AND LESS ARMORING MAKES THIS AREA LESS SUITABLE FOR REHAB ACTIVITY



# LOW FLOW REACH

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- ESTABLISHED RIFFLE AREAS
- MOSTLY STABLE IN TODAY'S HYDRAULIC REGIME
- UPPER THIRD OF RIFFLES GENERALLY PREFERRED FOR SPAWNING
- STEELHEAD PREFER SIDETCHANNELS?



# RIPPING

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- RIPPERS ON BULLDOZER BREAKS UP ARMORED LAYER, INCREASES INTRA-GRAVEL PERMEABILITY, AND ALLOWS FOR THE WASHING AWAY OF FINER SEDIMENT
- COARSE ARMOR MATERIAL MIXED WITH UNDERLYING GRAVEL

# RAKING

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- REMOVAL OF COARSE UPPER LAYER TO EXPOSE FINER GRAVEL LAYER BELOW
- COARSER MATERIAL IS WINDROWED OR REMOVED FROM RIFFLE AREA



# RIPPING AND RAKING

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- USED SUCCESSFULLY IN MANY PLACES
- BEST IF COMBINED WITH GRAVEL AUGMENTATION
- USE GRAVEL RETENTION STRUCTURES SUCH AS BOULDER AND COBBLE WEIRS
- NOT A ONE-TIME MEASURE
- USED ON THE LOW FLOW REACH IN THE PAST
- POTENTIAL WATER QUALITY CONCERNS

# EWG-93A

IMPROVE SPAWNING HABITAT FOR FISH IN  
THE LOW FLOW REACH THROUGH  
MECHANICAL AND HYDRAULIC CHANGES

# RELATED PM&E

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- EWG-18 –90,-91,-92 THAT PROPOSE RIPPING AND RAKING, AND HABITAT IMPROVEMENTS
- EWG-16A AND -16B FOR CREATING SIDE CHANNEL HABITAT



# ACTIONS

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- EXCAVATING SIDE CHANNELS
- CREATING RIPARIAN SURFACES AT DIFFERENT ELEVATIONS ABOVE RIVER
- AUGMENTING FLOW
- PLACING BOULDERS AND ROOTWADS,

# SIDE CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION KLAMATH RIVER

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# MOE'S DITCH FEATHER RIVER

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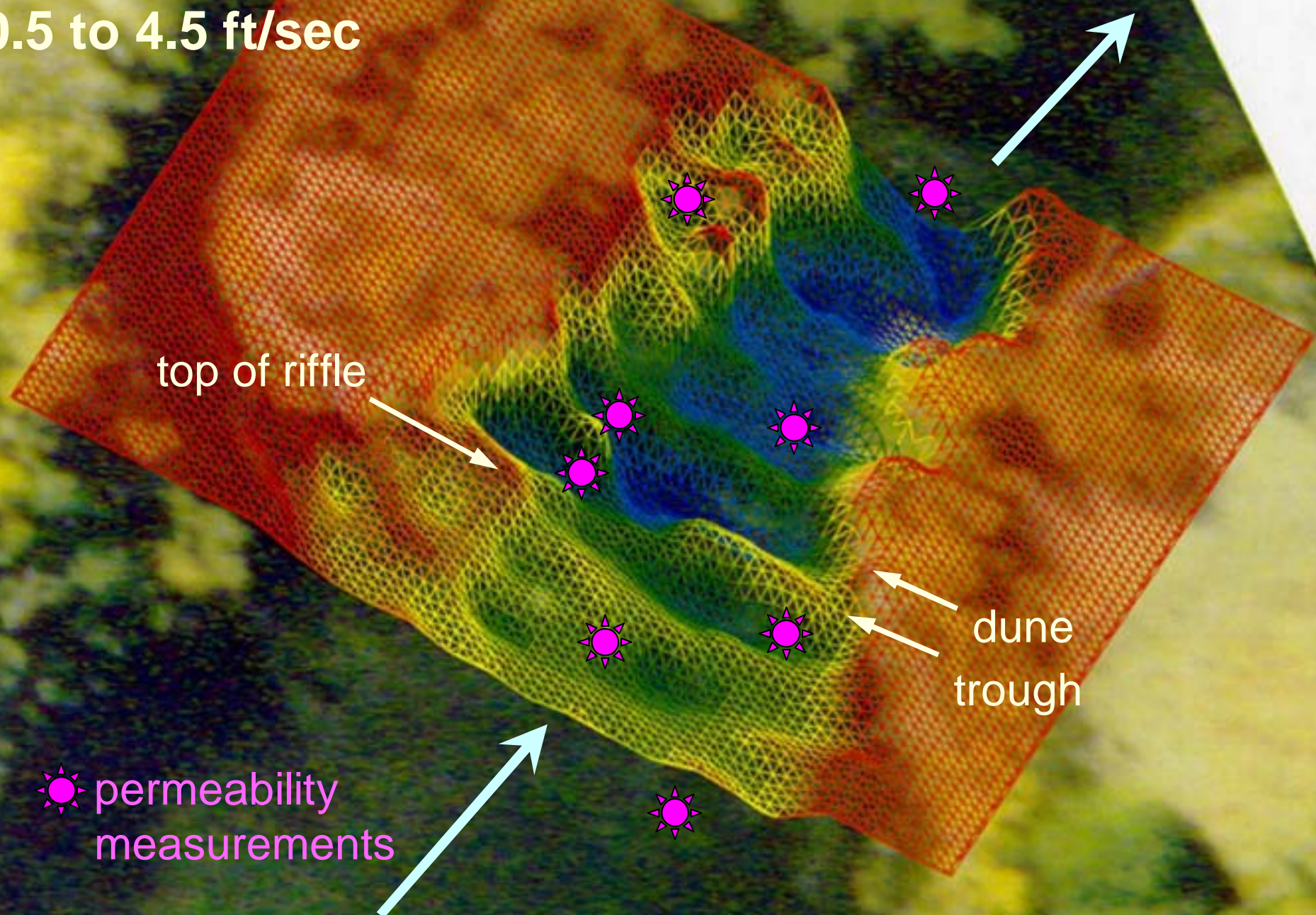






# Eye Riffle Velocities 08/06/03

0.5 to 4.5 ft/sec





# EWG-93B

IMPROVE SPAWNING HABITAT FOR  
SPLITTAIL IN THE LOWER FEATHER RIVER  
THROUGH MECHANICAL AND HYDRAULIC  
CHANGES

# RELATED PME's

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- EWG-19 AND -22 PROPOSING LEVEE SETBACKS AND FLOODPLAIN BENCHES

# SPLITTAIL SPAWNING HABITAT

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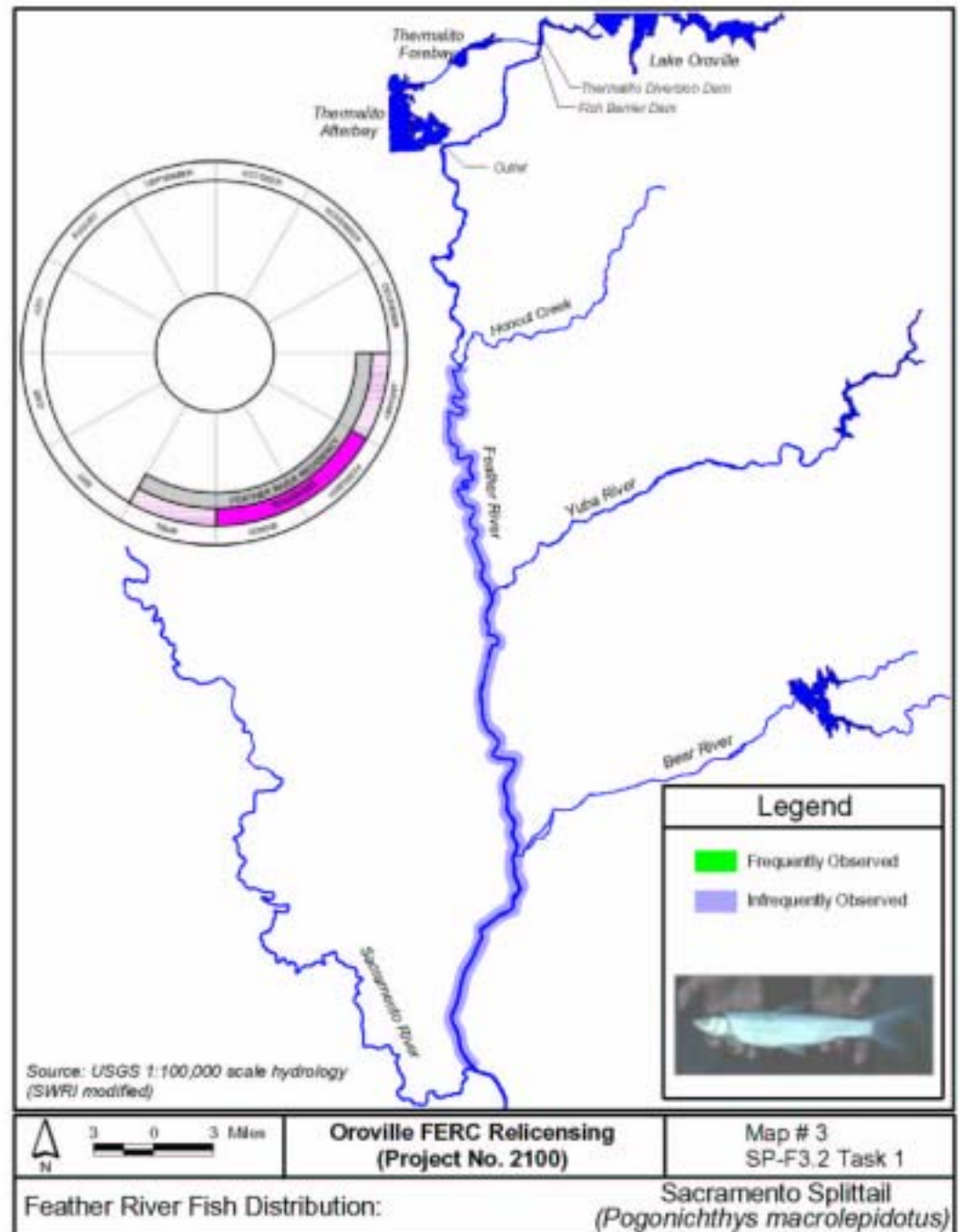
- OVERBANK AREAS
- FLOODED FOR LONG PERIODS OF TIME DURING SPRING MONTHS
- SHALLOW WATER WITH LOW OR NO VELOCITY
- GRASSY VEGETATION

# ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

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- NATURAL RANGE OF SPLITTAIL
- FLOODPLAIN INUNDATION TIME
- FEATHER RIVER IS NOW ENTRENCHED
- CONSIDER SPLITTAIL LIFESPAN AND  
FLOOD RECURRENCE INTERVALS

# SPLITTAIL RANGE



# ACTIONS

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- REMOVING RIPARIAN BERMS
- CREATING LOWER TOPOGRAPHIC SURFACES
- ARTIFICIAL FLOOD FLOWS



# RIPARIAN BERMS

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# TOPOGRAPHIC SURFACES AFFECT INUNDATION TIME

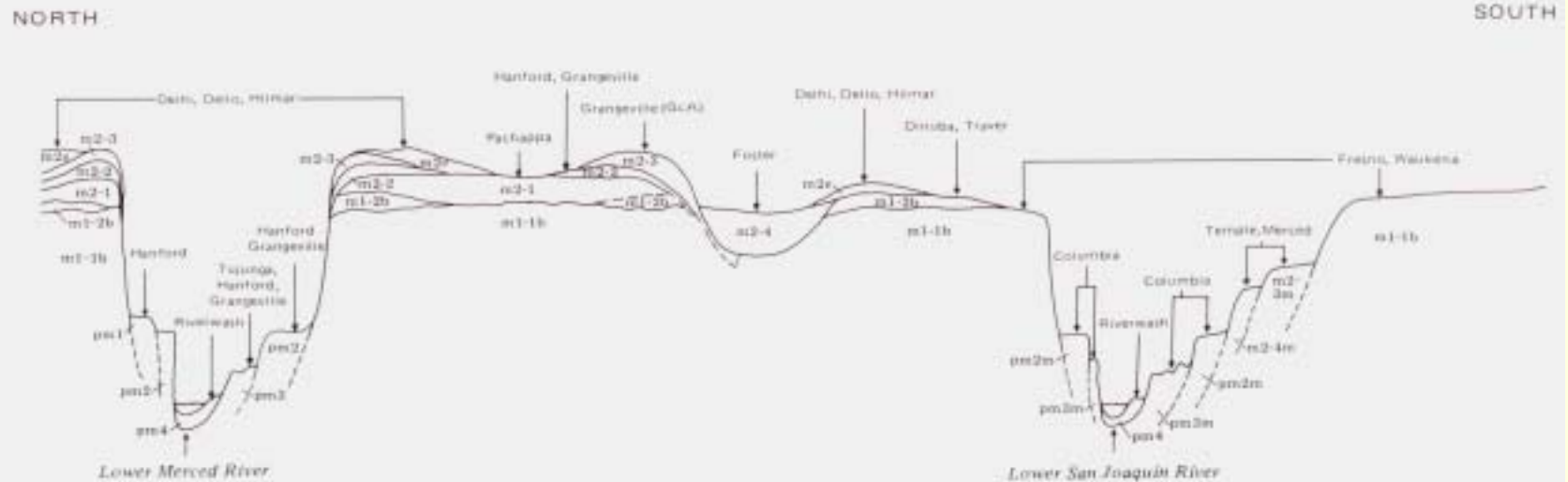
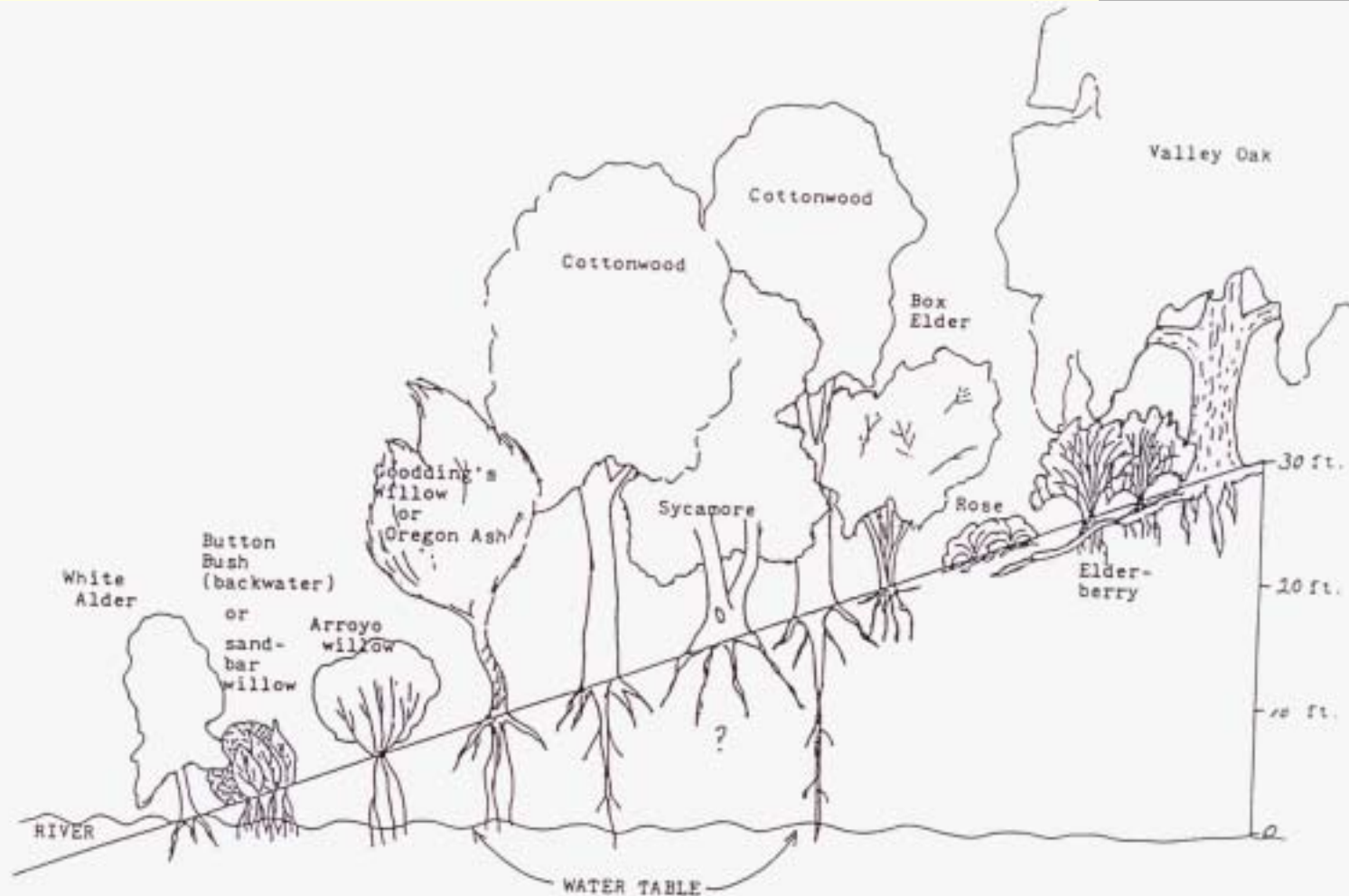


FIGURE 4. Schematic geologic section across the Merced River west of Stevinson, Merced County, showing relation of soils to Modesto and post-Modesto deposits and geomorphic surfaces.

# DEPTH TO WATER AFFECTS VEGETATION



Source: Griggs, pers. comm. (1991)

# ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

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- IMPROVE SPLITTAIL SPAWNING
- RECONNECT RIVER WITH FLOOPLAIN
- INCREASE RIPARIAN CORRIDOR COMPLEXITY
- INCREASE RIPARIAN WILLOW SCRUB FOREST

# PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS

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- EXPENSIVE TO IMPLEMENT
- RIVER IS ENTRENCHED WITH STEEP HIGH BANKS
- PRESENT FLOODPLAIN RARELY INUNDATED
- REQUIRES MOVING LOTS OF DIRT
- FLOW MODIFICATIONS DURING SPRING ALSO NECESSARY
- NEED TO MAP EXISTING FLOODPLAIN SURFACES

# SP-G2 PROGRESS REPORT

***GEOMORPHIC CHANGES  
DOWNSTREAM OF OROVILLE DAM***



# FLUVIAL -12

MODEL THE MOVEMENT OF  
SEDIMENT AND PREDICT LONG TERM  
GEOMORPHIC CHANGES

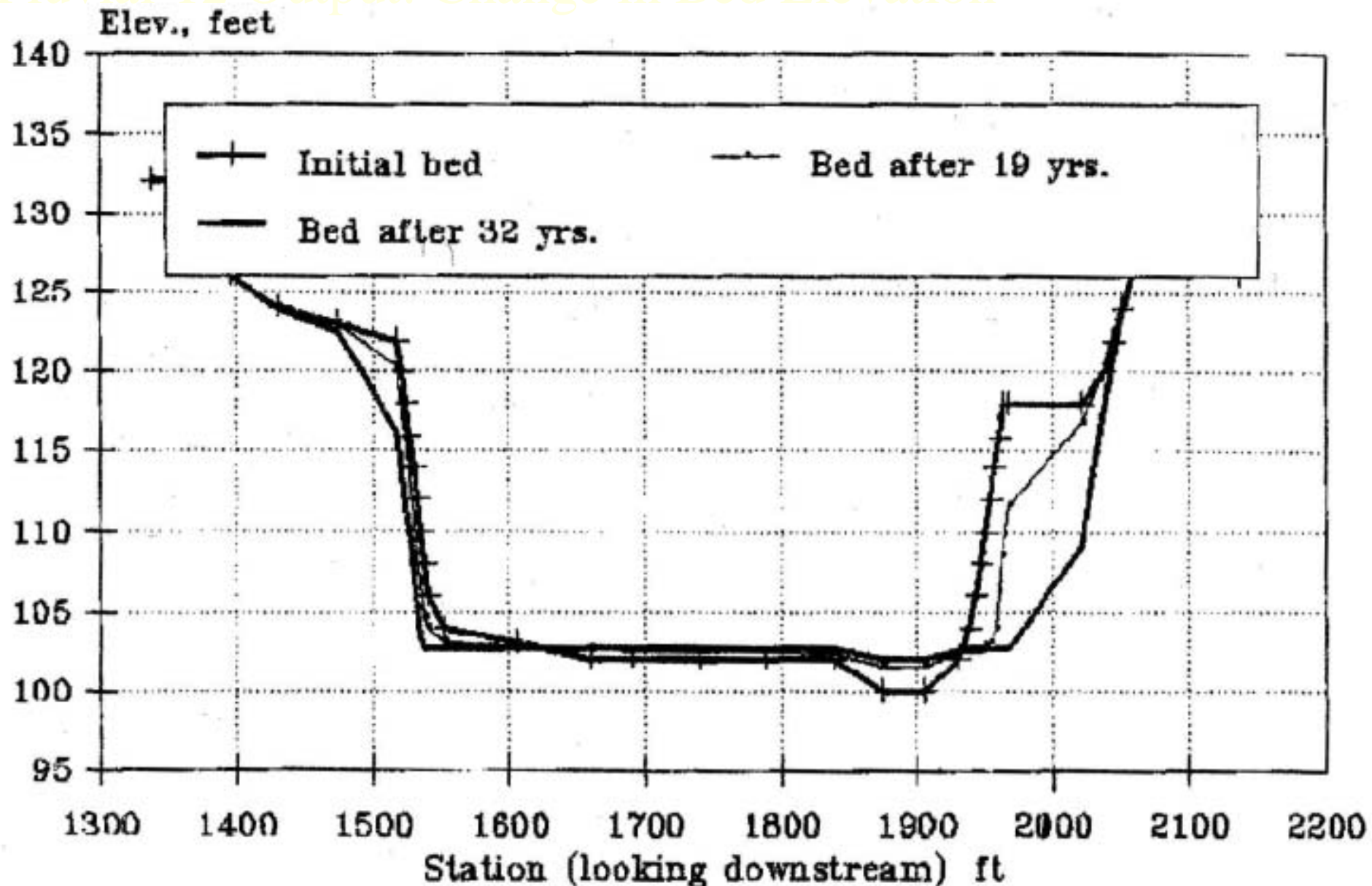
# FLUVIAL 12

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- ALL DATA HAS BEEN ENTERED INTO MODEL FOR THE CALIBRATION REACH.
- ENGELUND – HANSEN BEDLOAD FORMULA HAS BEEN SELECTED
- NUMEROUS CALIBRATION RUNS HAVE BEEN DONE
- MOST OF THE DATA ENTERED INTO MODEL FOR THE STUDY REACH
- MISSING SEDIMENT DATA FOR THE LOWER PART OF REACH
- NEED MORE CROSS-SECTIONS TO CALIBRATE

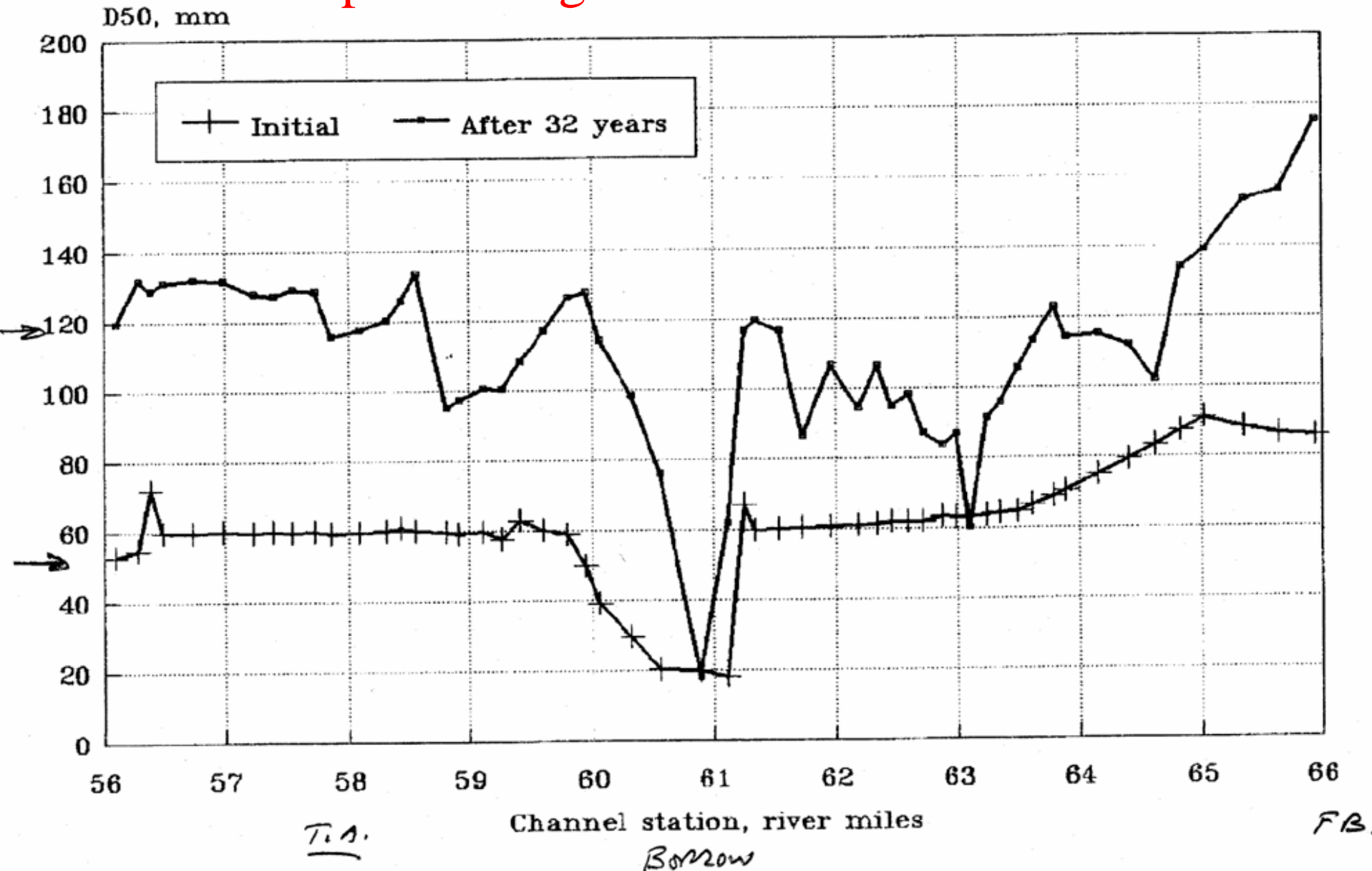
Section 59.28  
Changes during flow series

Fluvial-12 Output: Change in Bed Elevation



Feather River  
Spatial Variations in Sediment Size  
During flow series

# Fluvial-12 Output: Change in D50 Gravel Diameter



# INDICATORS OF HYDRAULIC ALTERATION

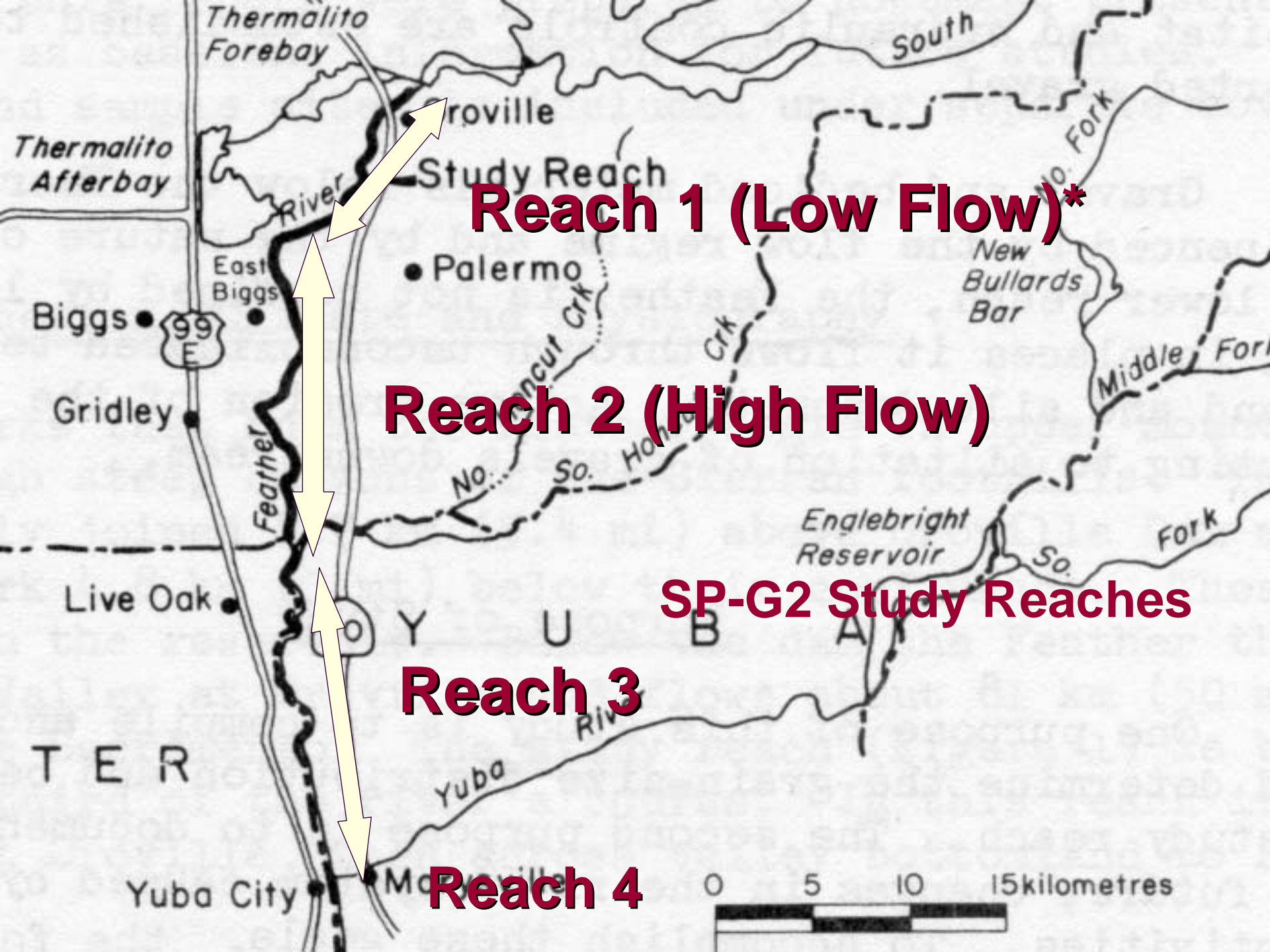
PRE- AND POST OROVILLE DAM  
HYDROLOGIC CHANGES  
WATER SUPPLY ENGINEERING SECTION

# INDICATORS OF HYDRAULIC ALTERATION ANALYSIS

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- THREE ANALYSES DONE TO REPRESENT THE LOW FLOW, HIGH FLOW, AND BELOW YUBA CITY REACHES
- DRAFT REPORT COMPLETED



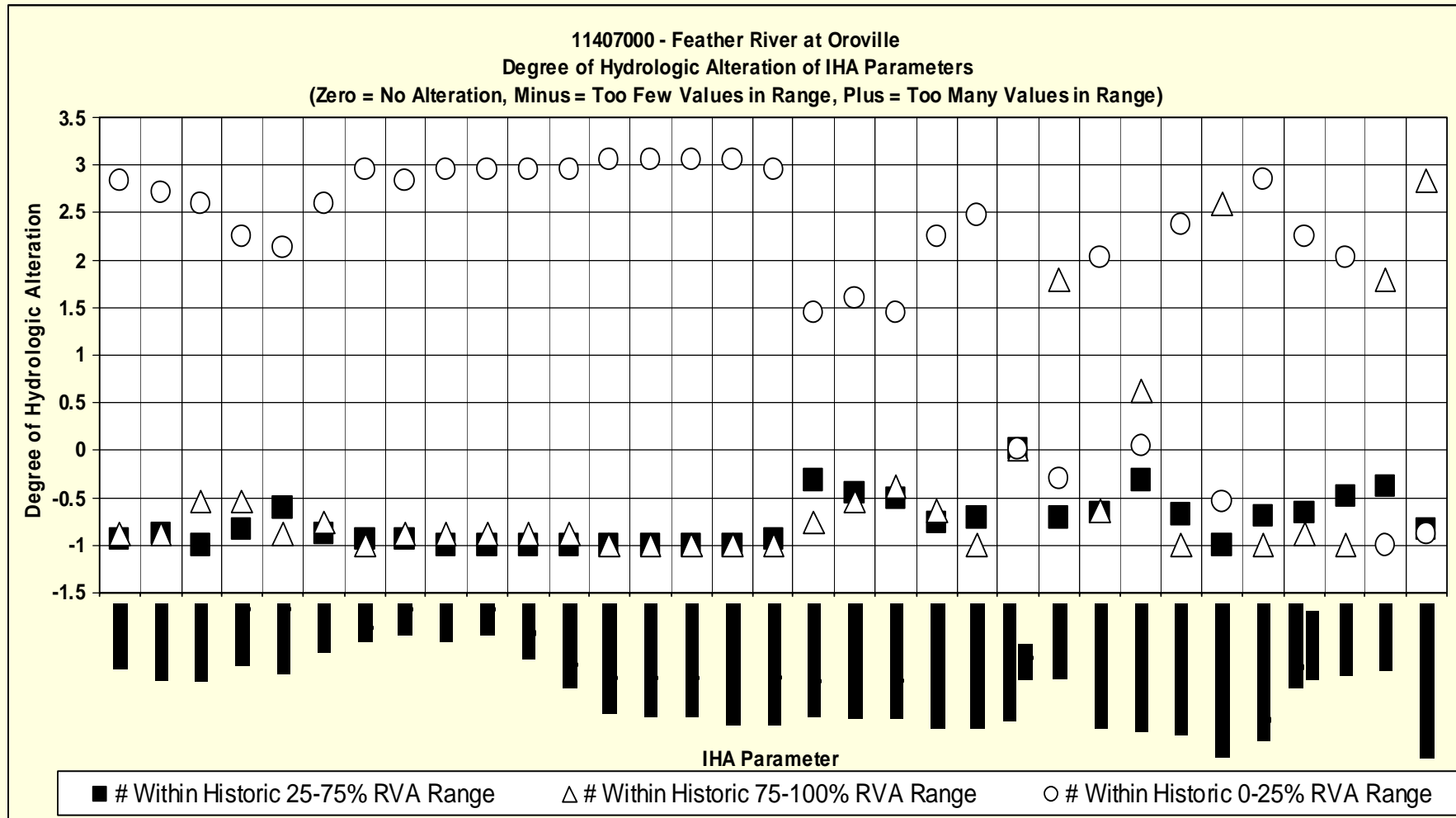


# WHAT IS IHA?

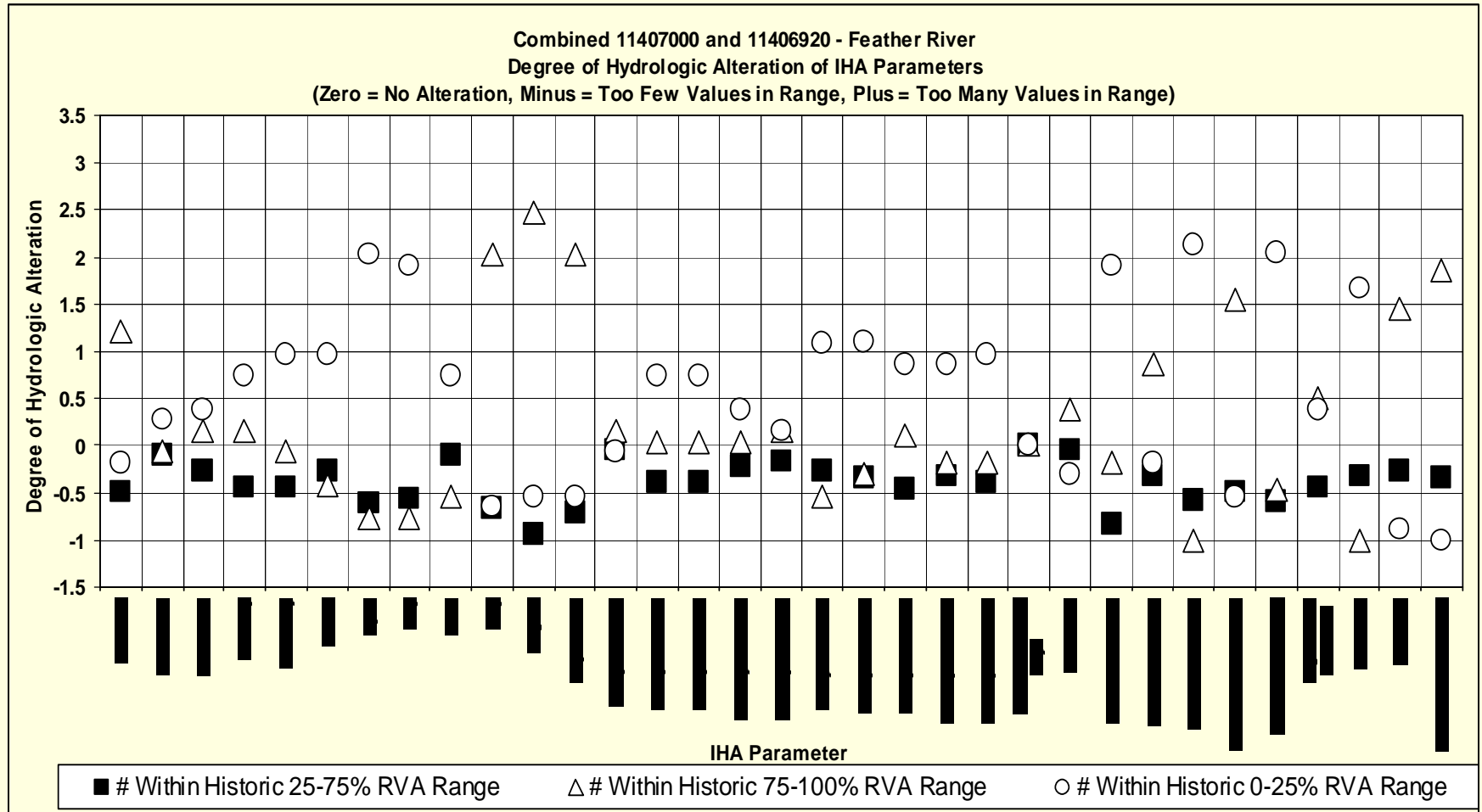
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- THE NATURE CONSERVANCY
- SHOWS CHANGES AND DEGREE OF CHANGE FOR 33 HYDRAULIC VARIABLES
- COMPARES PRE- AND POST OROVILLE DAM HYDROLOGIC PERIODS
- USE THE OROVILLE, OROVILLE PLUS THERMALITO, AND THE NICOLAUS GAGES

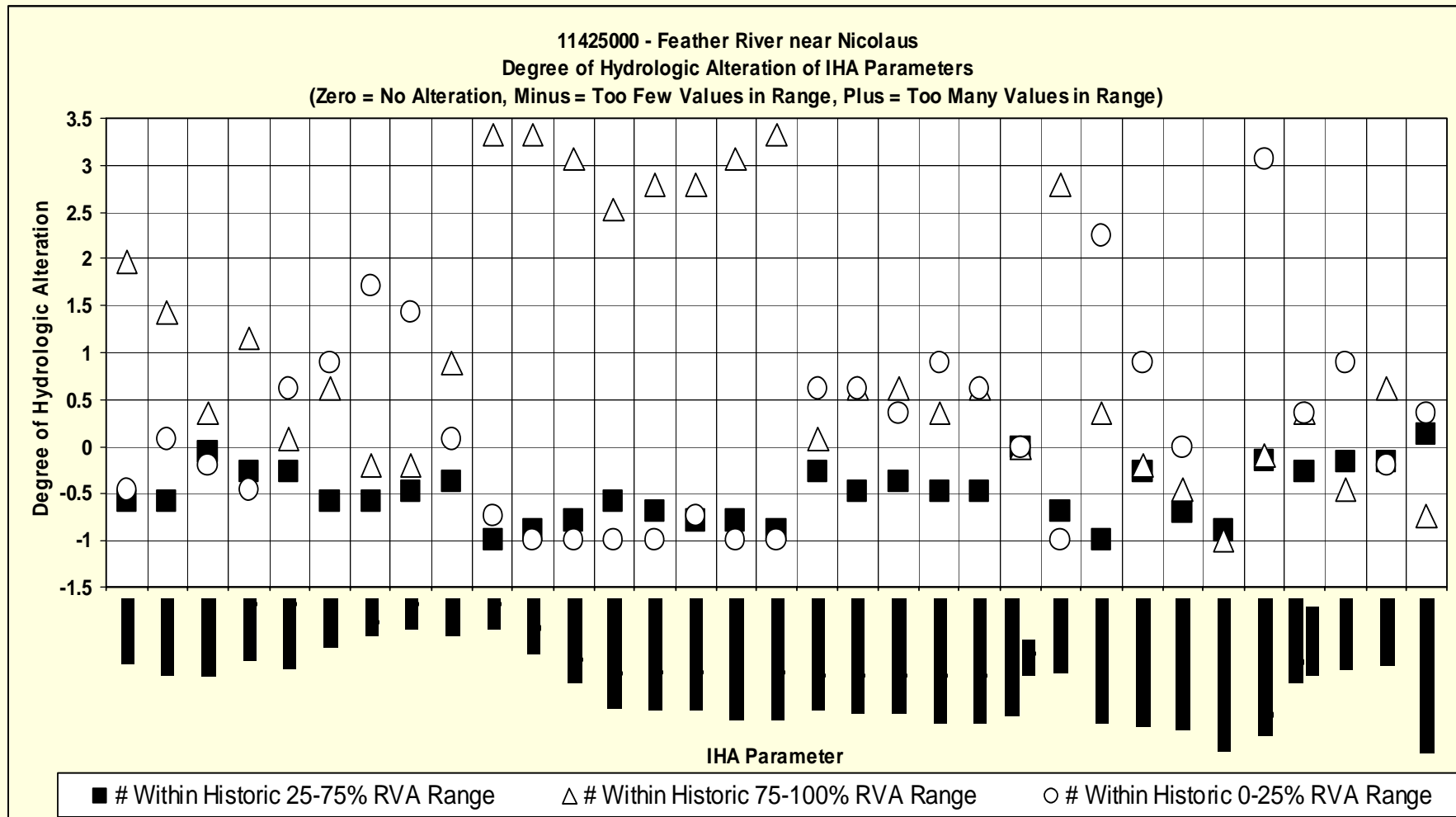
# CHANGES IN HYDRAULIC VARIABLES OROVILLE



# CHANGES IN HYDRAULIC VARIABLES OROVILLE PLUS THERMALITO

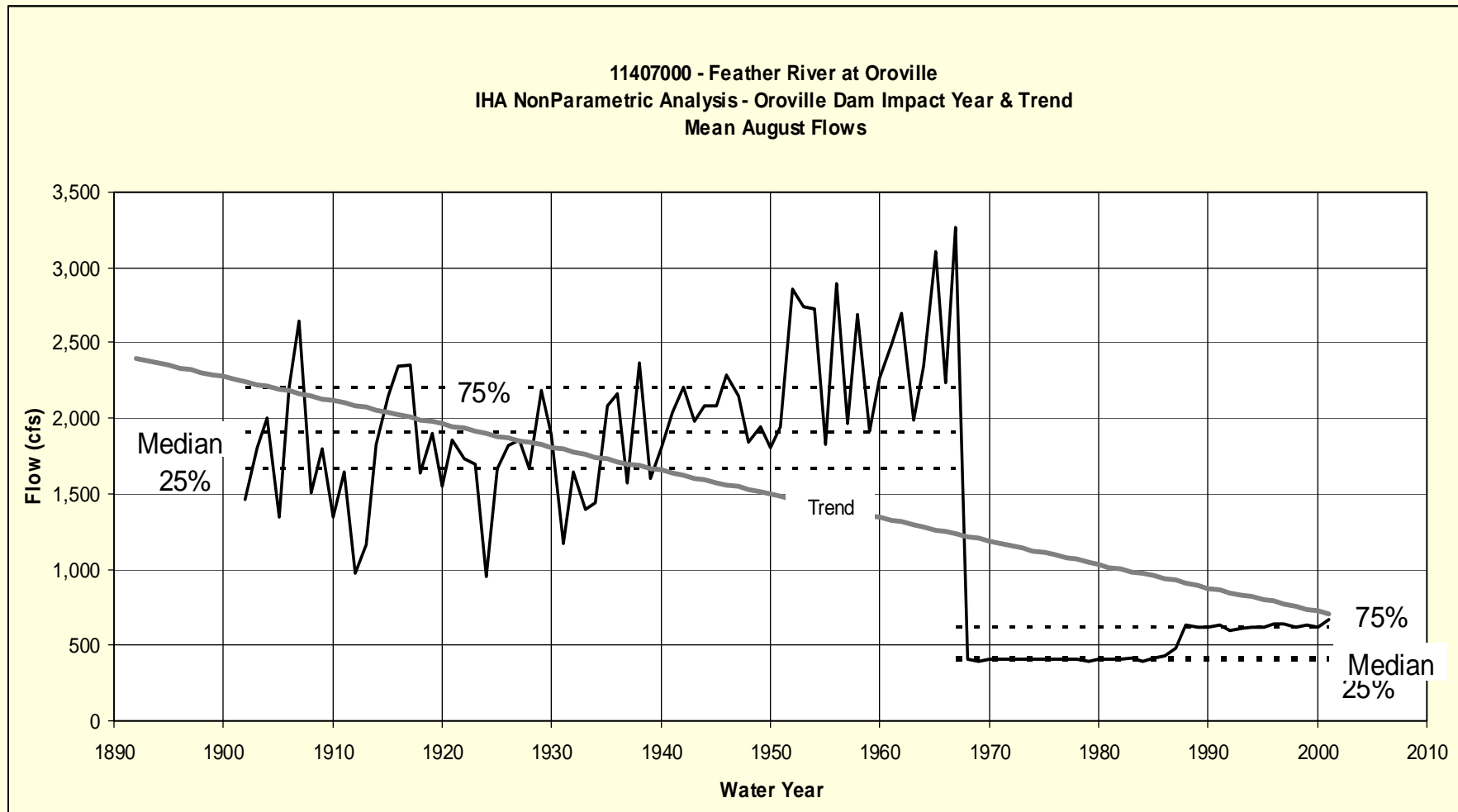


# CHANGES IN HYDRAULIC VARIABLE HIGH FLOW REACH 4



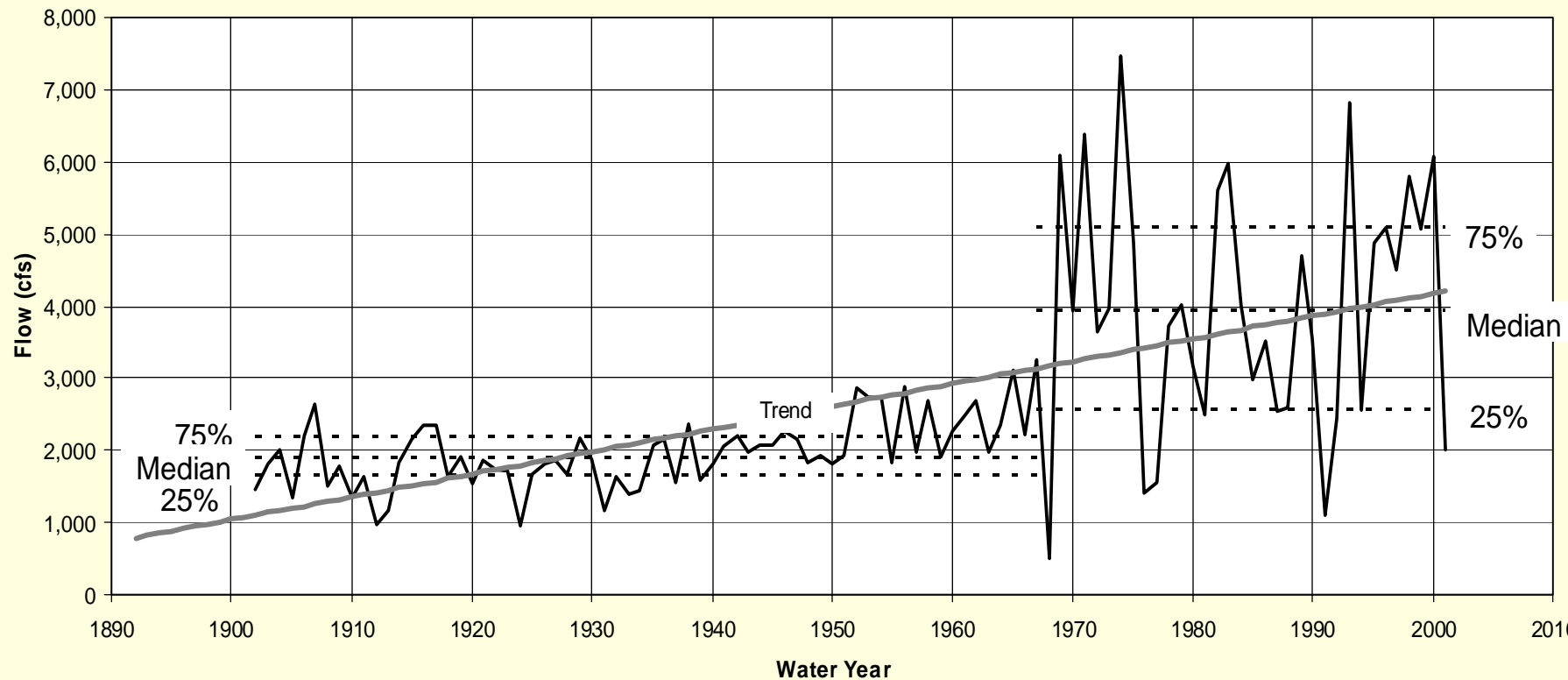
# MEAN AUGUST FLOW, FEATHER RIVER IN LOW FLOW REACH

## ■ GRAPH



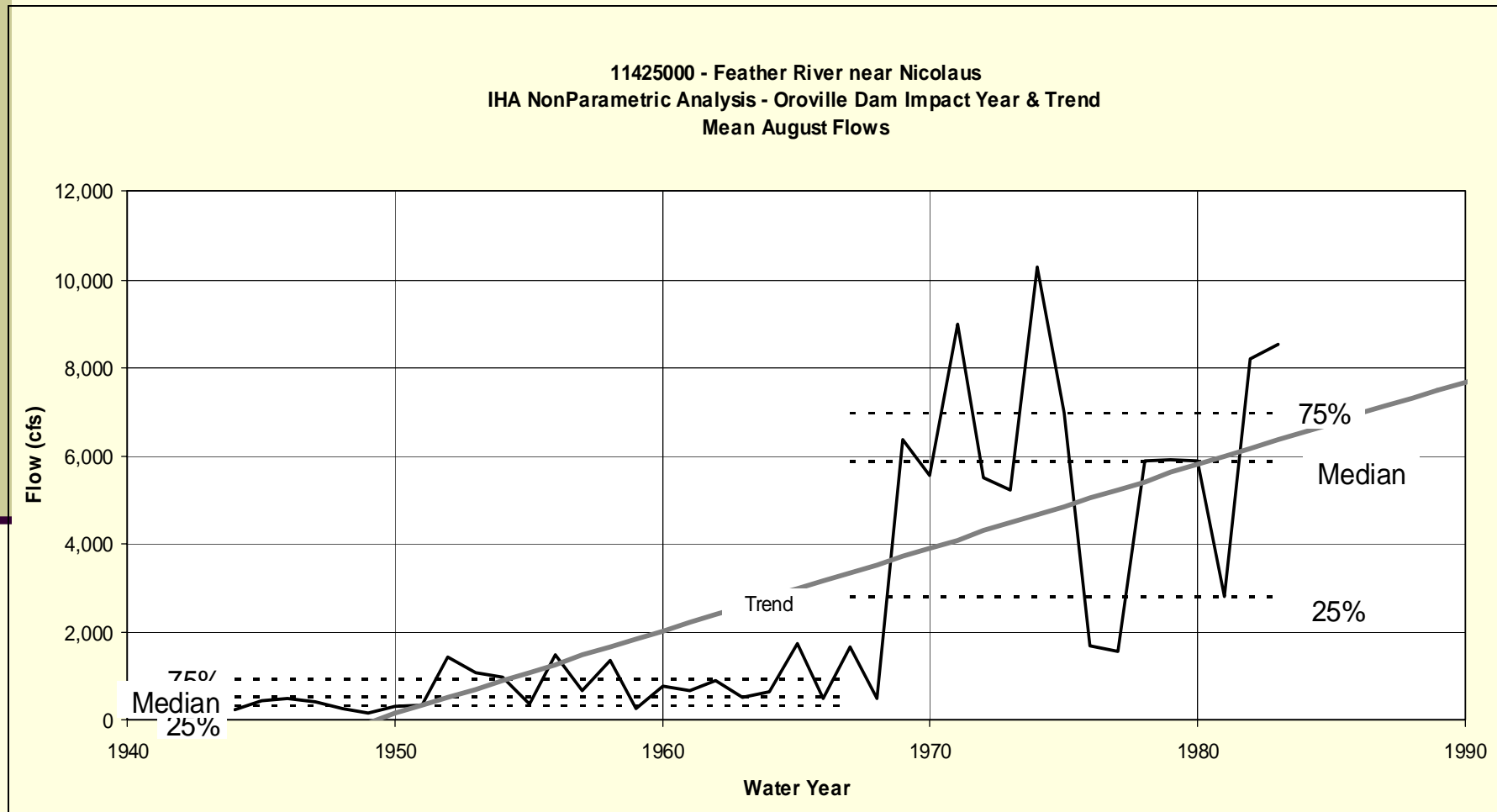
# MEAN AUGUST FLOW NEAR OROVILLE IN HIGH FLOW REACH

Combined 11407000 and 11406920 - Feather River  
IHA NonParametric Analysis - Oroville Dam Impact Year & Trend  
Mean August Flows



# MEAN AUGUST FLOW

## FEATHER RIVER NEAR NICOLAUS



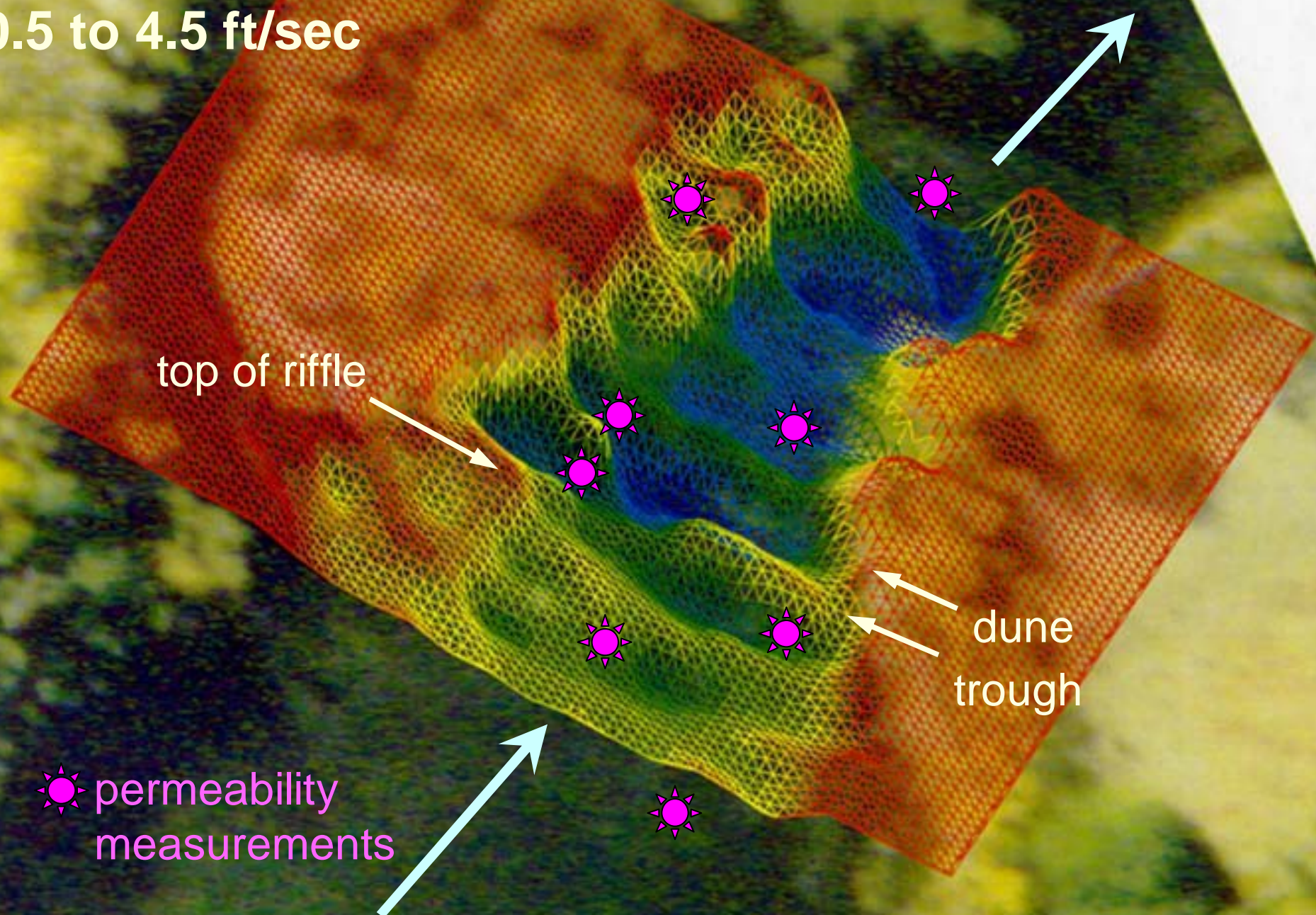


# RIFFLE CHARACTERISTICS

VELOCITIES, PERMEABILITIES, AND  
GRAVEL SIZE DISTRIBUTIONS

# Eye Riffle Velocities 08/06/03

0.5 to 4.5 ft/sec



# RIFFLE PERMEABILITY

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- PROTOCOL DETERMINED
- EQUIPMENT PURCHASED AND BORROWED
- BEGIN MEASUREMENTS SEPTEMBER

# BULK GRAVEL SAMPLING

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- LOW FLOW REACH COMPLETED
- ALL BUT 5 SAMPLES IN HIGH FLOW REACH COMPLETED

# MEANDER BELT MAPPING

DOCUMENT RIVER MEANDERING AND  
BANK EROSION



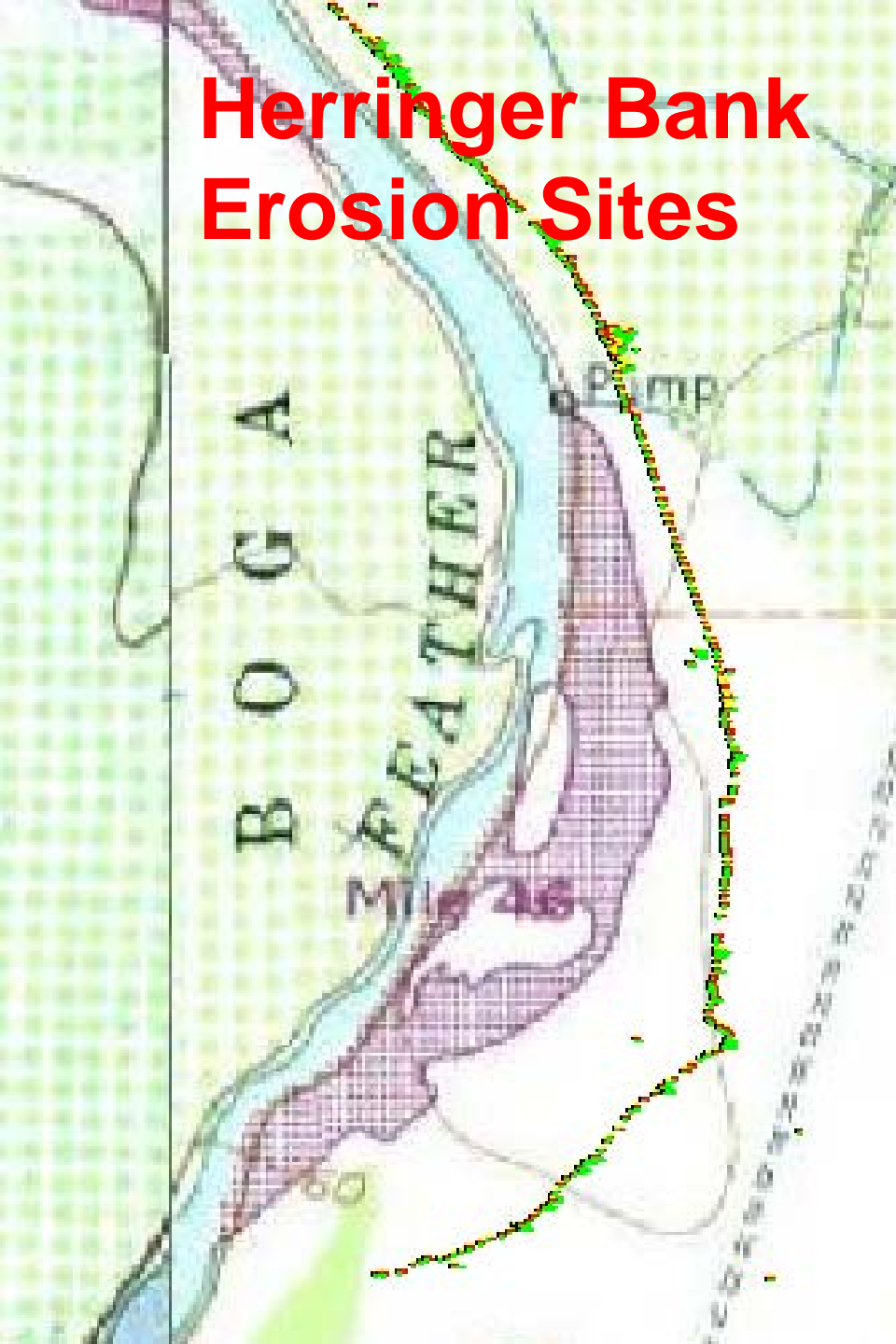
# MEANDER BELT MAPPING

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- DWR PHOTOGRAMMETRY DOING THE ORTHO RECTIFYING OF PHOTOS
- CENTRAL DISTRICT PLOTTING THE MEANDER LINES
- FOUR SETS OF MEANDER LINES COMPLETED
- 1967 PHOTOGRAPHS AND 1907 SURVEY MAPS RECTIFIED BUT NOT PLOTTED
- EXPECTED COMPLETION OCTOBER 1



# Herringer Bank Erosion Sites



**Site 1**



**Site 2**

**Site 3**



# GEOLOGIC CONTROL AND RIPRAP DELINEATED

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**IONE FORMATION**



# ERODING SANDY ALLUVIAL BANK

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# DREDGER TAILINGS

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**Oroville Wildlife Area Dredging Piles**





# HYDRAULIC MINE "SLICKENS"

Feather River- High Flow Reach - Bank Erosion Site



Active Bank Erosion – Bank Swallow Colonies

# BANK SWALLOWS



# MEANDER BELT MAPPING

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- DATES ARE 1907, 1947, 1967, 1986, 1998, 2003
- 1967, 1986, 1998 COMPLETED
- OCTOBER COMPLETION DATE

# MAP OF FEATHER RIVER CALIFORNIA

FROM OROVILLE TO SOUTHERLY LIMIT OF GOLD DREDGING GROUNDS

Surveyed for  
**CALIFORNIA DEBRIS COMMISSION**

Under Direction of  
Captain T. H. JACKSON, Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army

By  
OWEN G. STANLEY, Junior Engineer

September to October, 1909

Scale: 1 inch = 400 Feet

Horizontal Contour Interval 20 Feet

## ELEVATIONS

Elevations are expressed in feet and tenths and are referred to U.S.C. datum plane which is 2.80 feet below mean sea level, the datum plane of the U.S. Geological Survey and are based on a bench mark of that survey at Oroville.

## SOUNDINGS

Soundings are expressed in feet and tenths and are referred to the water surface of the river, the elevation of which is marked at each section where soundings were taken.

## SIGNS

Levees are shown thick

Private lands

Swamp

Property Lines

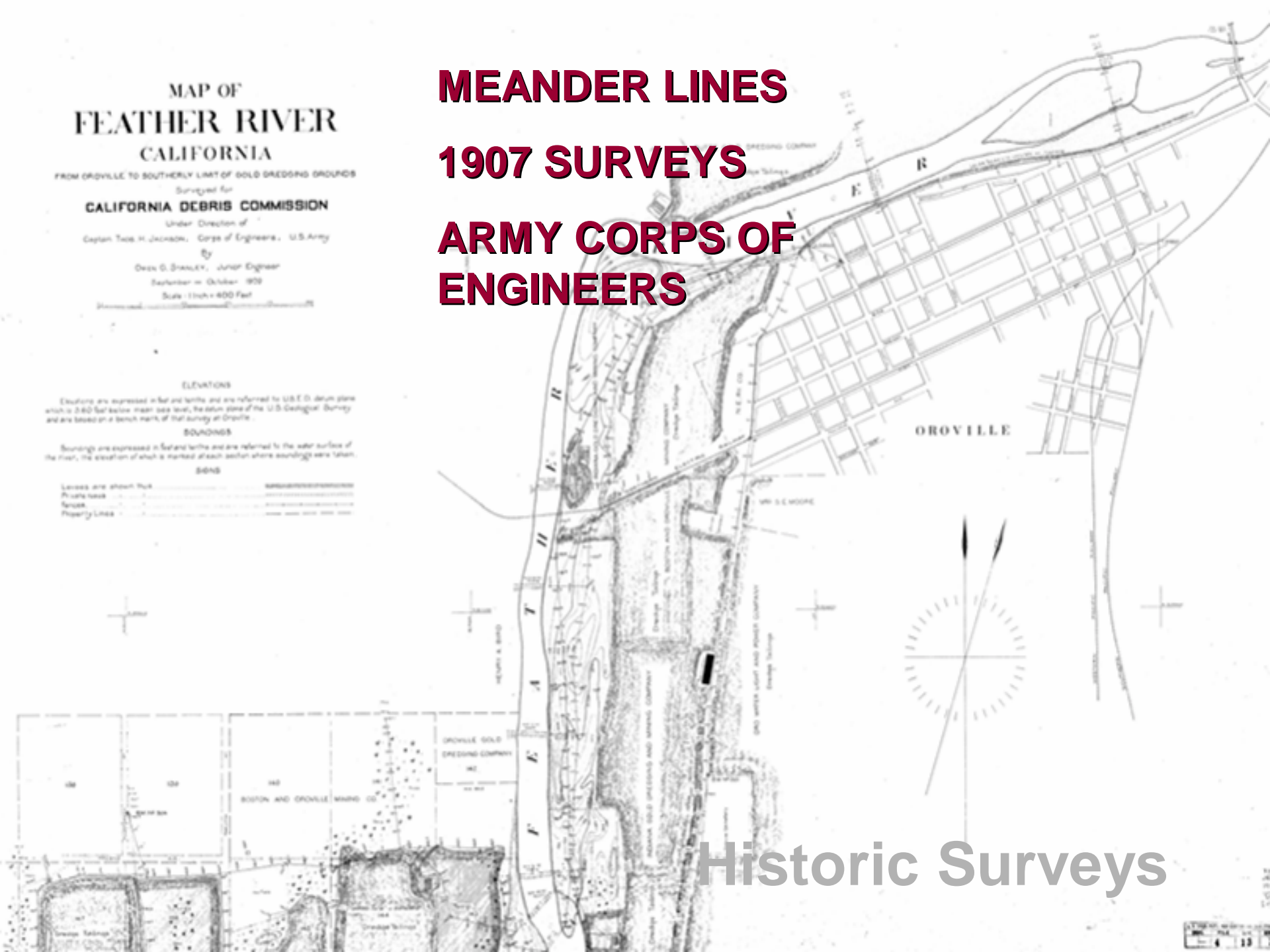
San Francisco and Mendocino Counties

San Francisco and Mendocino Counties

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San Francisco and Mendocino Counties

# MEANDER LINES 1907 SURVEYS ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS



# Historic Surveys



# MEANDER CUTOFF

## 1967 TO 2001

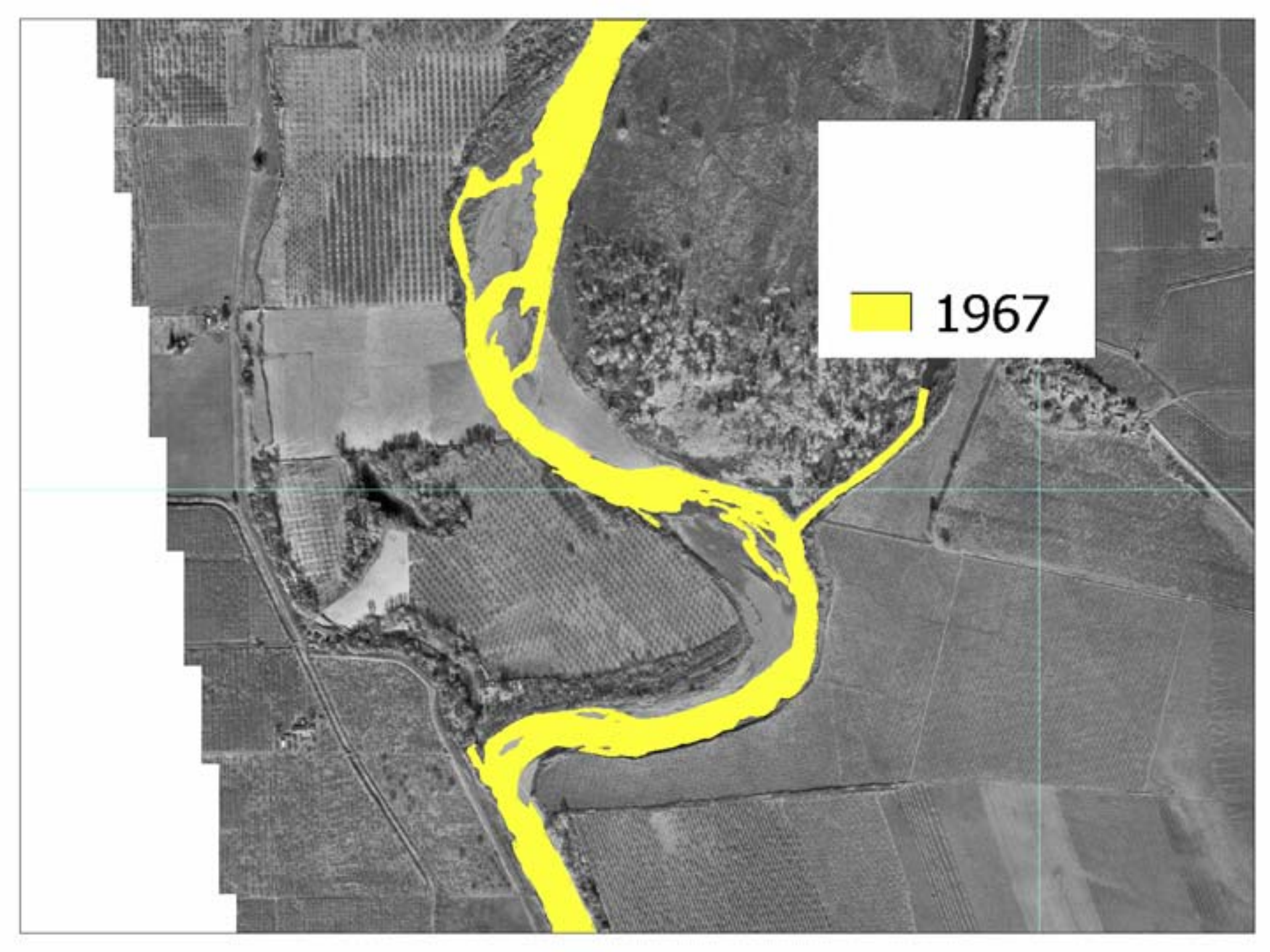
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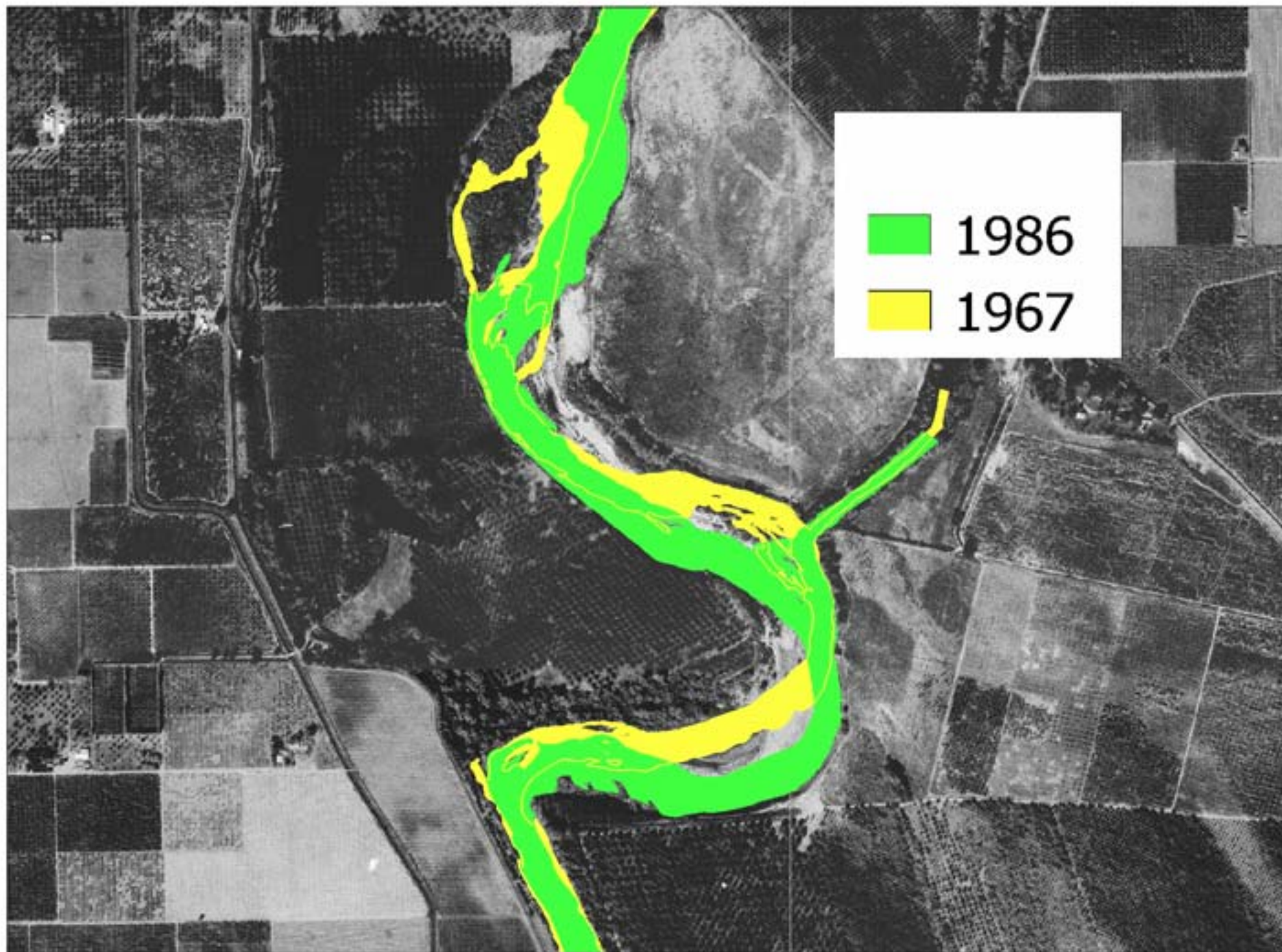
The map displays the San Joaquin River and its tributaries, including the Kings River and Kings River Delta. The river's course is highlighted in green, and the Kings River Delta is shown in brown. The map includes a scale bar and a north arrow. Key features include the Kings River, Kings River Delta, and the San Joaquin River. The map is color-coded with green for land and blue for water. It includes a scale bar and a north arrow.



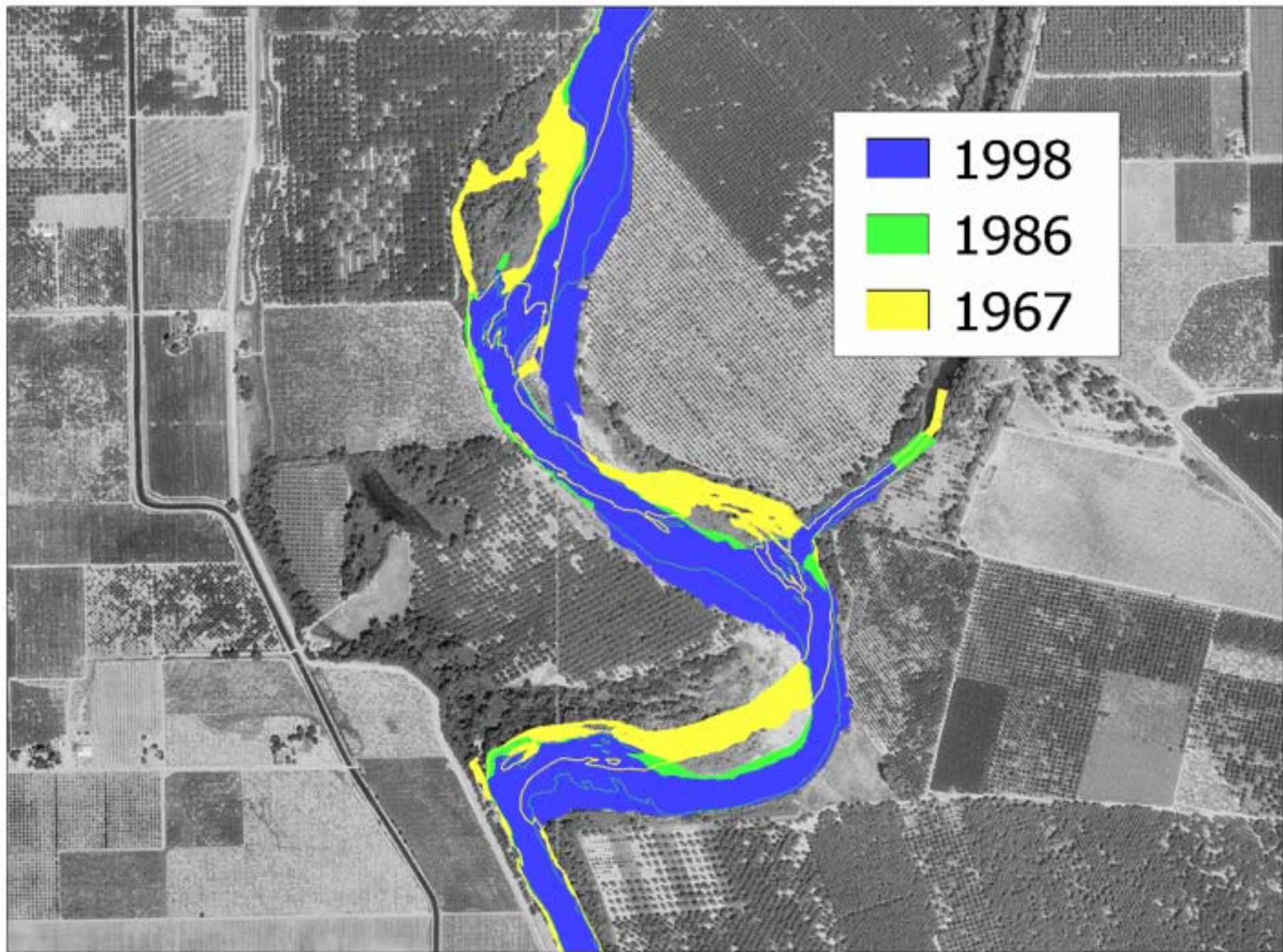


1967

This is an aerial photograph of a river system. A yellow overlay highlights the river's path, which includes a large meander loop in the center-right of the image. The river flows from the top towards the bottom. The surrounding landscape is a patchwork of agricultural fields, some of which are planted in rows of crops. A road or railway line runs vertically on the left side of the image. A legend box in the upper right corner contains a yellow square and the year '1967'.







# SP-G2 PROGRESS REPORT

THE END